

GANPAT UNIVERSITY									
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY									
Programme		Bachelor of Technology			Branch/Spec.		Biotechnology		
Semester		VII			Version		1.0.0.0		
Effective from Academic Year			2025-2026		Effective for the batch Admitted in			July 2022	
Subject code		2BT71PE02	Subject Name		Tissue Engineering				
Teaching scheme					Examination scheme (Marks)				
(Per week)	Lecture(DT)		Practical(Lab.)		Total		CE	SEE	Total
	L	TU	P	TW					
Credit	3	-	1	-	4	Theory	40	60	100
Hours	3	-	2	-	5	Practical	30	20	50
Pre-requisites									
Good Knowledge of Human Tissues and basic chemistry.									
Course Outcomes									
On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:									
CO1	Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the fundamentals, motivation, and core components of tissue engineeringg.								
CO2	Analyze the dynamic cellular processes in tissue engineeringg.								
CO3	Identify and evaluate natural and synthetic scaffold materials.								
CO4	Examine the design requirements and functionality of various bioreactor types.								
CO5	Apply real-world applications of tissue engineering for the development of various organs.								
CO6	Evaluate clinical trials and translational research involving tissue engineering in various medical fields.								
Theory syllabus									
Unit	Content								Hrs.
1	INTRODUCTION: Tissue engineering and its fundamentals, Motivation behind tissue engineering, Basic working components of Tissue engineering, Cell sources in tissue engineering, Stem cells: Its types, classification and predominant lineages, Cell seeding processes: Passive and Dynamic methods.								8
2	CELLULAR INTERACTION IN TISSUE ENGINEERING: Tissue organisation and cell types, Dynamic states of Tissue, Cell differentiation, Cell migration, Cell division, cell death or apoptosis, Coordination of cellular-fate processes: soluble signals, Cell-Extracellular Matrix Interactions, Direct cell-cell contact, Cell sorting by FACS.								9
3	SCAFFOLD MATERIALS IN TISSUE ENGINEERING: Natural scaffolds in Tissue engineering, Biomaterials used in Tissue engineering namely: Natural and synthetic polymers - Its basic/ Unit structure, physical properties, degradation behaviour, application; Hydrogels - Its basic structure, physical properties, classification, clinical applications.								8
4	BIOREACTORS AND SCAFFOLD FABRICATION TECHNIQUES: Design requirements of Bioreactors, Types of Bioreactors: Rotating wall, Spinner flask, Direct perfusion, Hollow fiber, Compression and strain type. Basic fabrication Techniques: Solvent-casting and particulate leaching, Gas foaming, Freeze-drying, Melt Molding, Sintering, Electro-spinning, Rapid prototyping (RP) Techniques overview.								12
5	CASE STUDIES OF TISSUE ENGINEERING APPLICATIONS: Tissue engineering used for development of Skin, Cartilage, development of IPS cells from skin cells, application of IPS cells, Heart valves and Blood vessels, clinical trials for Liver Tissue Engineering & Artificial pancreas.								8
Practical content									
Term Work and Practical shall be based on the above syllabus.									
Text Books									
1	Principles of Tissue Engineering by Robert Lanza, Robert Langer and Joseph Vacanti. Pub.: Academic Press								
2	Scaffolding in Tissue Engineering by Peter X. Ma, Jennifer Elisseeff. Pub.: by CRC Press								
Reference Books									
1	Tissue Engineering by Bernhard O. Palsson and Sangeeta N. Bhatia. Pub.: Prentice Hall								
2	The Biomedical Engineering Handbook-Volume II (2nd Edition) – by Joseph D. Bronzino. Pub.: CRC/IEEE Press.								
3	Biomaterials Science by Buddy Ratner et al., Pub.: Elsevier.								
ICT References									

1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/106/102106081/
2	https://oyc.yale.edu/biomedical-engineering/beng-100/lecture-22

Mapping of CO with PO and PSO:															
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	3	2	1
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	3	3	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	1	1	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO6	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3